



## TEST BOOKLET

GENERAL STUDIES (P)-2020-Test Code: PFT01

Time Allotted: One Hour

Max Marks:100

### INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS BOOKLET DOES **NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TURN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.

2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES **A, B, C OR D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.

3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside.  
**Do Not** write anything else on the Test Booklet.

4. This Test Booklet contains **50** items (Questions). Each item is printed in English. Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response, which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response with you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.

5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See direction in the answers sheet.

6. All items carry equal marks. Attempt all items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of **correct** responses marked by you in the answer sheet. For **every incorrect** response **1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the allotted marks** will be deducted.

7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer sheet the response to various items in the Test booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the answer sheets as per instruction sent to you with your Admission Certificate.

8. After you have completed filling in all responses on the answer sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to Invigilator only the answer sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.

9. Sheet for rough works are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

**DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO**

1. The UN has recognized the State of Palestine.

The Palestine share its border with

- (a) Mediterranean sea
- (b) Egypt
- (c) Jordan
- (d) Gulf of Aqaba

2. The largest supplier of oil to India is

- (a) Iran
- (b) Iraq
- (c) Saudi Arabia
- (d) Venezuela

3. Which of the following African countries is sub-Saharan country

- (a) Gabon
- (b) Egypt
- (c) Tunisia
- (d) Morocco

4. What is true about Korou?

- 1. Is located Pacific Ocean
  - 2. It is known for space museum
  - 3. France administers the region
  - 4. India's heaviest rocket GSAT 17 was launched from here
- (a) 1 and 4
  - (b) 1,3 and 4
  - (c) 2,3 and 4
  - (d) 1,2,3 and 4

5. During volcanic eruptions which of the following is considered more dangerous to life?

- (a) Tephra
- (b) Lahar
- (c) Pyroclastic flow
- (d) Volcanic ash

6. Who among the following observes International Day for girl child?

- (a) UNDP
- (b) UNHRC
- (c) UNICEF

(d) UN WOMEN

7. Central Silk Board

- (a) Is an autonomous executive body
- (b) Located in Guwahati Assam
- (c) To promote sericulture in India
- (d) All of the above

8. Oslo declaration is related with

- (a) US and Russia
- (b) North Korea
- (c) South Korea
- (d) Israel

9. The first Arab country to recognize Israel was-

- (a) Egypt
- (b) Lebanon
- (c) Saudi Arabia
- (d) Libya

10. Which of the following Committee constituted to deal with Senior Citizens?

- (a) Maragaret Alwa
- (b) Mohini Giri
- (c) Rekhi Committee
- (d) None

11. The last country to join Indian Ocean Rim Association is?

- (a) Somalia
- (b) Djibouti
- (c) Mauritius
- (d) Maldives

12. CITES Secretariat is administered by

- (a) UNDP
- (b) UNEP
- (c) UNFCCC
- (d) None

13. What is true about algorithmic trading?

- 1. It minimizes human traders intervention.
- 2. SEBI allows algorithmic trading in India.

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both
- (d) None

14. Which of the following statements is/are true?

1. Portugal is a country on Mediterranean Sea.
2. Portugal is a country on Iberian Peninsula.
3. India has signed an MOU with Portugal on Renewable Energy.

- (a) Only 2  
(b) Only 2 and 3  
(c) 1,2 and 3  
(d) Only 1 and 2

15. Birhor is-

1. Tribal group of Jharkhand
2. They live a nomadic life
3. They have socialization practices aimed at making children independent
4. They belong to Munda group of languages.

Which is/are CORRECT?

- (a) 1 Only  
(b) 1 and 2 Only  
(c) 2,3 and 4 Only  
(d) 1, 2,3 and 4

16. Consider the following statements:  
The Parliamentary Committee on Public Accounts:

1. Consists of not more than 25 Members of the Lok Sabha.
2. Scrutinizes appropriation and finance accounts of the Government.
3. Examines the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 3 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3

17. Consider the following statements:

1. The Council of Ministers in the Centre shall be collectively responsible to the Parliament.

2. The Union Ministers shall hold the office during the pleasure of the President of India.
3. The Prime Minister shall communicate to the President about the proposals for legislation.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1 and 3 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3

18. Which one of the following is the largest Committee of the Parliament?

- (a) The Committee on Public Accounts  
(b) The Committee on Estimates  
(c) The Committee on Public Undertakings  
(d) The Committee on Petitions

19. In the Constitution of India, promotion of international peace and security is included in the

- (a) Preamble to the Constitution  
(b) Directive Principles of State Policy  
(c) Fundamental Duties  
(d) Ninth Schedule

20. Consider the following statements:

- A Constitutional Government is one which
1. Places effective restrictions on individual liberty in the interest of State Authority
  2. Places effective restrictions on the Authority of the State in the interest of individual liberty

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

21. Consider the following statements regarding a No-Confidence Motion in India:

1. There is no mention of a No-Confidence Motion in the Constitution of India.
2. A Motion of No-Confidence can be introduced in the Lok Sabha only.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

22. Consider the following statements:

1. The Chief Secretary in a State is appointed by the Governor of that State.
2. The Chief Secretary in a State has a fixed tenure.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

23. Current WIFI system in practice operates using-

- (a) Infrared Rays
- (b) Radio Signal
- (c) Gravitational Waves
- (d) Microwaves

24. Justice Reddy commission is related to-

- (a) OROP
- (b) Corruption in Public Life
- (c) Election Reform
- (d) Rights of Minorities

25. Who among the following publishes agricultural marketing and farm friendly reforms index in India?

- (a) NSSO
- (b) Ministry of Agriculture
- (c) NABARD
- (d) NITI Aayog

26. Consider the following-

1. DOTS short course TB treatment.
2. What is run by WHO.
3. DOTS strategy consist of five components
4. DOTS is a TB prevention strategies

Which of the following statements is / are correct?

- (a) Only 2
- (b) Only 1 and 3
- (c) 2,3 and 4
- (d) 1,2,3 and 4

27. Anaemia is caused by

1. Hereditary hemoglobinopathies -
2. Folic acid deficiency
3. Chronic infection
4. Iron deficiency

- (a) Only 4
- (b) Only 1 and 3
- (c) Only 3 and 4
- (d) All of the above

28. Bibek Debroy committee was formed on

- (a) Railway reforms
- (b) Tax reforms
- (c) Administrative Reforms
- (d) None of these

29. Black sun is a phenomenon related to

- (a) Rare flocking behavior of migratory birds
- (b) A rare condition of solar eclipse
- (c) Black hole
- (D) A custom in Gupta period

30. Which among the following is a digital currency?

- 1.Bitcoin      2.Ripple      3.Ven      4.Zen

Codes:

- (a) 1, 2, 3 & 4
- (b) 1 Only
- (c) 1 & 2 Only
- (D) 1, 3 & 4 Only

31. Breach of privilege motion

- (a) Can be introduced by any member of the house against the Minister only
- (b) Can be introduced by Minister against any member of the house
- (c) Can be introduced by any member of the house against anyone
- (d) Can be introduced again the presiding officer of the house also with special leave of the house

32. Why garlic is called Russian Pencillin?

- (a) Garlic has its origin in Russia.
- (b) Russian use garlic widely in reference to penicillin because garlic is a natural and safe.
- (c) Russian government meet its wounded soldiers in World War-II when penicillin was not available.
- (d) Russia has developed new antibiotic from garlic.

33. DMH 11 is

- (a) A GM variety of brinjal
- (b) A GM variety of mustard gene that is been transferred into
- (c) Mustard to modify it to suit the drought condition of India
- (D) None of these

34. Radcliffe Line came existence on-

- (a) 14<sup>th</sup> August 1947
- (b) 15<sup>th</sup> August 1947
- (c) 16<sup>th</sup> August 1947
- (d) 17<sup>th</sup> August 1947

35. Karewas are-

- (a) Mountain Ranges of Eastern Ghats
- (b) Lacustrine Deposit of glacial clay
- (c) Syntaxial bends of the Himalayas
- (d) Alluvial deposits of Pliocene Period

36. Consider the following statements-

- 1. Minicoy is the largest Island in the Arabian Sea.
- 2. Minicoy Island is separated by Maldives through 9-degree channel.
- 3. Minicoy Island is separated by Lakshadweep Is through 8-degree channel.
- 4. Mahal language is spoken on Minicoy Is .

Which of the following code is correct?

- (a) Only 1&3
- (b) Only 1&4
- (c) Only 2&3
- (d) Only 2&4

37. Consider the following statements-

- 1. Dodabetta is the highest peak in South India.
- 2. It is located on the Annamalai Hills.

Which of the above statement is/are correct?

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both
- (d) None

38. Coco Strait is located between-

- (a) Lakshadweep and Malabar Coast
- (b) Maldives and Minicoy Is
- (c) Coco Is and North Andaman
- (d) Andaman and Nicobar

39. Which of the following countries do not share Marine Boundaries with India?

- (a) Indonesia
- (b) Thailand
- (c) Mauritius
- (d) Maldives

40. Kunchikal Waterfall is located in-

- (a) Myurbhanj/Odisha
- (b) Shimoga/Karnatka
- (c) Belagavi/Karnatka
- (d) Dindigal/Tamil Nadu

41. M-STrIPES is related with-

- (a) Surveillance of elephants using thermal cameras
- (b) Project Hangul in J&K
- (c) Enhancing crocodile population
- (d) Surveillance of tigers using thermal cameras

42. Jonhannesburg Declaration is related with-

- (a) Sustainable development
- (b) Climate Change
- (c) Disaster management
- (d) Wetland Conservation

43. Consider the following statements-

- 1. Nilgai also known as Blue Buck.
- 2. it is largest of all Asian Antelope.
- 3. It is indigenous to Indian Subcontinent
- 4. It is categorized as Least Concern by IUCN.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only 1&2
- (b) Only 4
- (c) Only 2&4
- (d) All of the above

44. Which of the following Protocol is not the part of Convention on Biological Diversity(CBD)-

- (a) Cartagena Protocol
- (b) Nagoya Protocol
- (c) Aichi Protocol
- (d) Montreal Protocol

45. Malana Valley is situated in-

- (a) J&K
- (b) Himachal Pradesh
- (c) Arunachal Pradesh
- (d) Uttarakhand

46. Consider the following statements:

1. Asiatic lion naturally found in India **only**
2. **Double-humped** camel is naturally found in India **only**
3. One-horned rhinoceros is naturally found in India **only**

Which one of the statement given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

47. Which one of the following is a very significant aspect of the Champaran Satyagraha?

- (a) Active all-India participation of lawyers, students and women in the National Movement
- (b) Active involvement of Dalit and Tribal communities of India in the National Movement
- (c) Joining of peasant unrest to India's National Movement
- (d) Drastic decrease in the cultivation of plantation crops and commercial crops

48. Which of the following led to the introduction of English Education in India ?

1. Charter Act of 1813
2. General Committee of Public Instruction, 1823
3. Orientalist and Anglicist Controversy

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only

(c) 1 and 3 only

(d) 1, 2 and 3

49. With reference to the religious history of India, consider the following statements:

1. Sautrantika and Sammitiya were the sects of Jainism.
2. Sarvastivadin held that the constituents of phenomena were not wholly momentary, but existed forever in a latent form.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

50. Which one of the following was a very important seaport in the Kakatiya kingdom?

- (a) Kakinada
- (b) Motupalli
- (c) Machilipatnam (Masulipatnam)
- (d) NellQuru

-: THE END :-